

NOAA FISHERIES

Greater Atlantic Regional Fisheries Office



Source: www.animaladay.blogspot.com

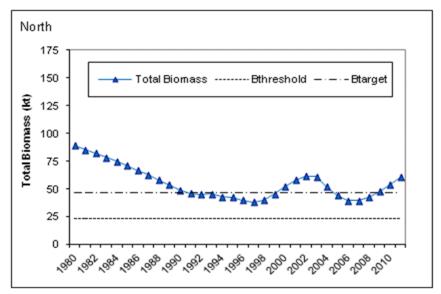
Monkfish Fishery Status Update

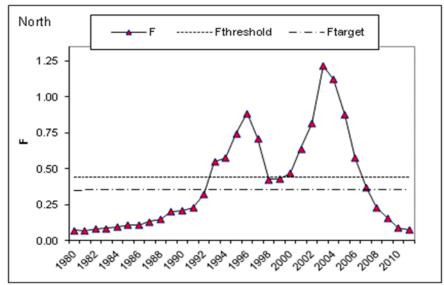
Douglas W. Christel Fishery Policy Analyst August 25, 2014

2013 Assessment Update

Northern Stock:

- Not overfished or subject to overfishing
- Positive biomass trend and very low F
- Retrospective pattern improving, but still very large
- Still lots of uncertainty in assessment



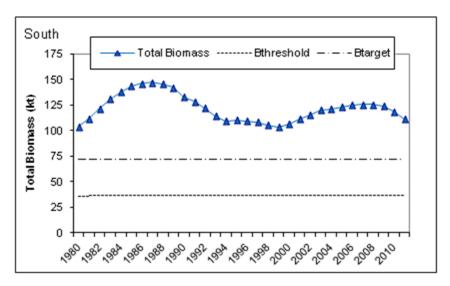


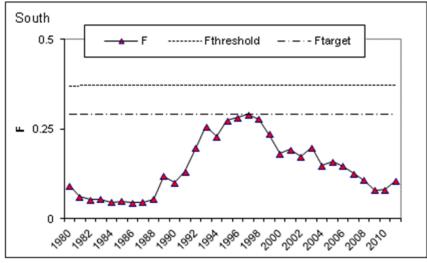


2013 Assessment Update

Southern Stock:

- Not overfished or subject to overfishing
- Slight biomass decline and increase in F recently
- Retrospective pattern less severe than in North
- Still lots of uncertainty in assessment

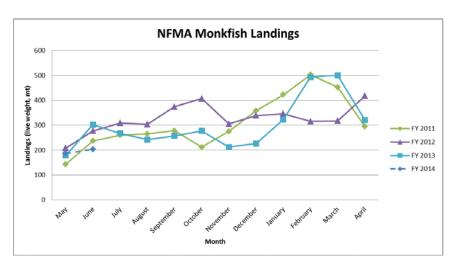


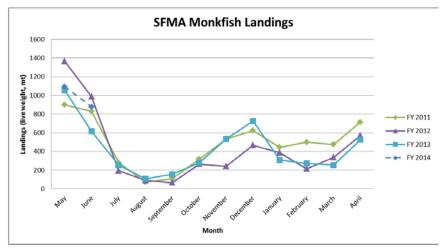




2013 Emergency Action

- Unlimited monkfish possession for Cat. C & D vessels fishing on a monk or groundfish DAS in the Northern Area
- Landings followed recent trends:
 - No increase in Northern Area landings
 - No apparent shift in effort to or from the Southern Area



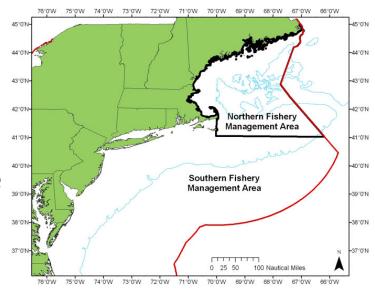




Framework 8

Effective July 18, 2014

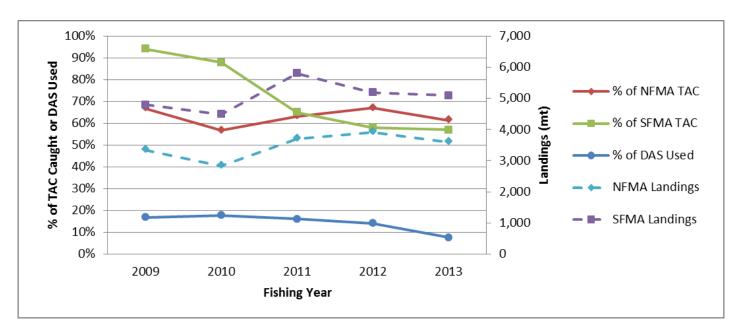
- 1. Increased monkfish DAS allocations (46 DAS)
- 2. Increased Southern Area monkfish DAS limit (32 DAS)
- 3. Increased landing limits:
 - Incidental Northern Area limits (600 or 500 lb/groundfish DAS)
 - Directed Southern Area limits (610 or 500 lb/monk DAS)
- 4. Monk-only DAS can be used anytime
- 5. Cat. H vessels can now fish throughout the Southern Area





How Are We Doing?

- We're still not fully harvesting our TACs
- NFMA and SFMA landings are relatively steady
- Very few allocated DAS are being used each year





Whatever Happened to Sturgeon?

December 2013 Biological Opinion:

- Continuation of monkfish fishery will <u>not</u> jeopardize the continued existence of Atlantic sturgeon and other species
- No further action is necessary to reduce sturgeon takes in the monkfish fishery





Where Do We Go from Here?

1. Continue Developing A6

- Create monkfish ITQ program
- Integrate monkfish into groundfish sectors
- Allow monkfish DAS leasing
- Refine DAS allocations and landing limits
- Revise Monkfish/Groundfish FMP links
- Change RSA approach/measures

2. Revise other measures in FMP

- DAS allocations and limits
- North/South area restrictions
- Eliminate latent effort



Source: www.illustrationsource.com



Sub-goal 1: Maximize yield

Objective 1: Reduce the ratio of discards to pounds landed

Objective 2: Provide incentives to reduce discards of undersized monkfish

Objective 3: Ensure the full utilization of the ACT.

Sub-goal 2: Maximize efficiency in the fishery

Objective 4: Allow vessels to more efficiently fish for monkfish

Objective 5: Allow vessels to better utilize monkfish incidental bycatch

Sub-goal 3: Simplify regulations

Objective 6: Better integration of monkfish measures with other FMPs

Objective 7: Address existing geographic constraints on permit categories.

Sub-goal 4: Minimize disruption to current fleet distribution and composition Objective 8: Establish accumulation limits if catch shares are implemented

Sub-goal 5: Maintain the monkfish bycatch allowances in other fisheries
Objective 9: Quantify and allocate monkfish bycatch to other fisheries.

Sub-goal 6: Minimize the impacts on protected species

Objective 10: Reduce Atlantic sturgeon mortality (if necessary)



- Broad scope, with many different measures/approaches
 - Consider narrowing scope or focus
 - Some measures can be implemented via framework
- ITQ and sector policy questions need to be addressed:
 - 1. Does the allocation apply to both areas, or just the NMFA?
 - 2. How are initial allocations calculated?
 - a) What years are used?
 - b) What type of landings (directed, incidental, or both) are included?
 - 3. Who can participate (limited access permits, or all permits)?
 - 4. Should there be different rules for different activities (initial allocation, share ownership, landing)?



New or substantial measures may require EIS

- Requires public hearings and draft/final EIS review
- ~1 year to implement following Council approval

ITQ would require referendum

- Adds ~1 year to implementation timing
- Other decisions need to be made:
 - Who participates (owners, captains, crew)?
 - How are votes counted/weighted?



Source: www.olamadsen.com



Control Date: May 9, 2012

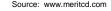
- References who was participating in the fishery at the time
- Can be used to:
 - 1. Qualify permits for future fishing privileges
 - 2. Limit ownership of excessive shares in fishery
 - 3. Determine who can participate in ITQ referendum
- Intended to discourage speculative activity
- Councils are NOT bound by this date



Other Measures

- 1. Eliminate latent effort in the fishery
- 2. Restrict vessels to 1 area per trip or fishing year
- 3. Reduce SFMA gillnet minimum mesh size
- 4. Reconsider SFMA incidental limit for trawl vessels
- 5. Evaluate RSA program and measures
- 6. Integrate skates into the FMP
- 7. Revise DAS and landing limits
- 8. Anything else you want to change







What's Down the Road?

Benchmark Assessment (fall 2016)

- Should include additional age, growth, and genetic data
- Could possibly resolve the single stock debate

2017 – 2019 Specifications

- Should be implemented May 2017
- Existing specs would continue if specifications are delayed
- May require DAS and landing limit adjustments





What Do We Do Now?

- 1. Decide what's most needed for the fishery
- 2. Identify/refine goals for the next monkfish action
- 3. List and prioritize measures for further development
- 4. Determine when measures can/should be implemented
- 5. Present suggestions to Councils for prioritization and approval for further development



Source: www.sellingwithsean.com





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Greater Atlantic Regional Fisheries Office Thank you!

Questions?

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